

Vulnerability Metrics

ERDC

Engineer Research and
Development Center

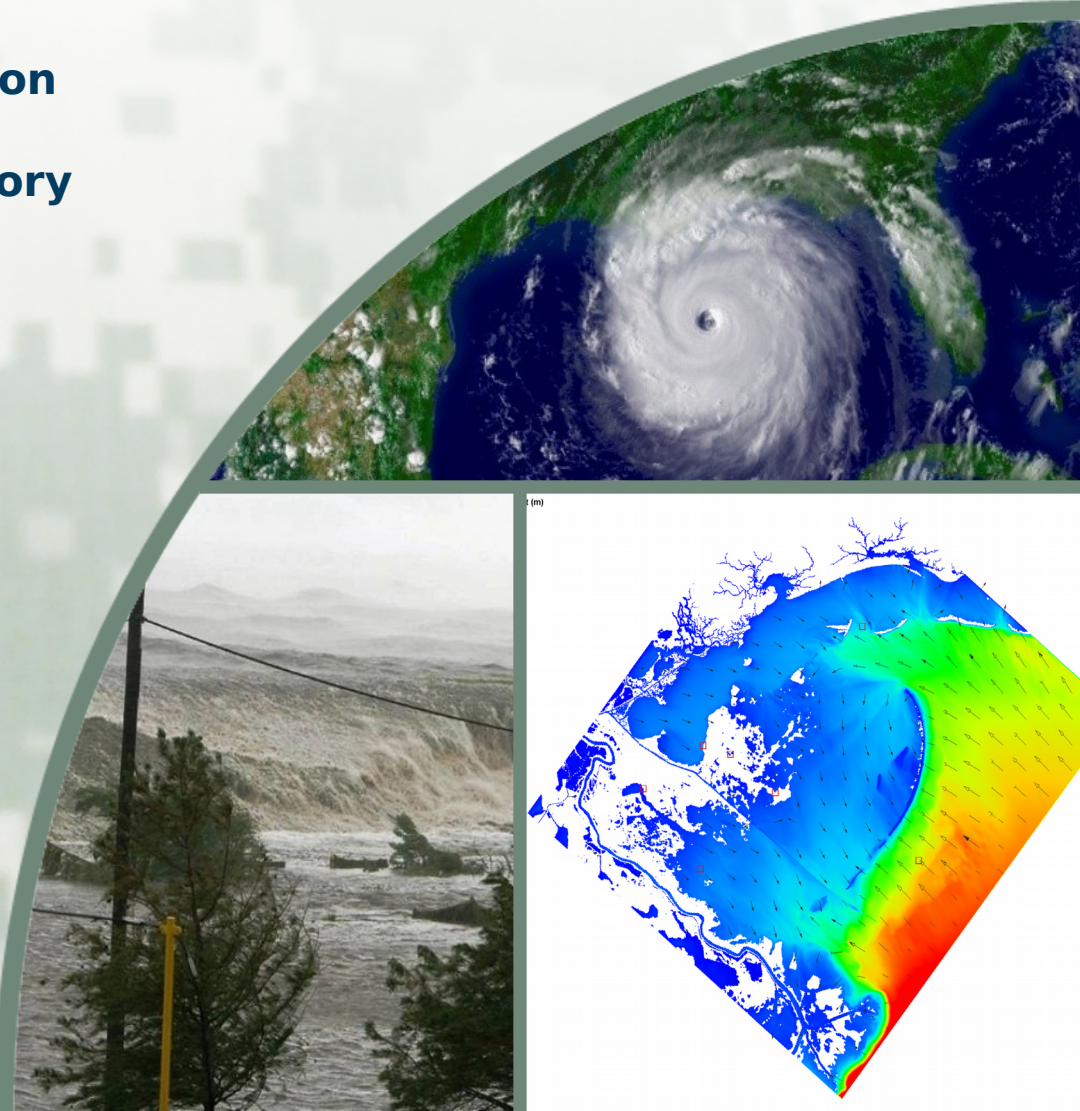
Ty Wamsley, PhD
Chief, Flood and Storm Protection
Division
Coastal and Hydraulics Laboratory

25 September 2013

Team: Kate Brodie, CHL
Zach Collier, EL
Lauren Dunkin, CHL
Patrick O'Brien, EL
David Raff, IWR
Julie Rosati, CHL
Edmond Russo, EL



US Army Corps
of Engineers®



Scope of Task

- Define vulnerability concepts and assessment
- Develop metrics relevant to evaluating vulnerability of Nature-Based Infrastructure (NBI) systems.
- Describe how NBI contributes to reducing vulnerability.



Approach

- Vulnerability metrics are a function of:
 - ▶ Policy and decision making objectives of vulnerability assessment
 - ▶ Spatial scale
 - ▶ Data availability
 - ▶ Range of hazards to be considered
 - ▶ Range of systems to assess
 - ▶ Specific characteristics of the systems to be assessed.

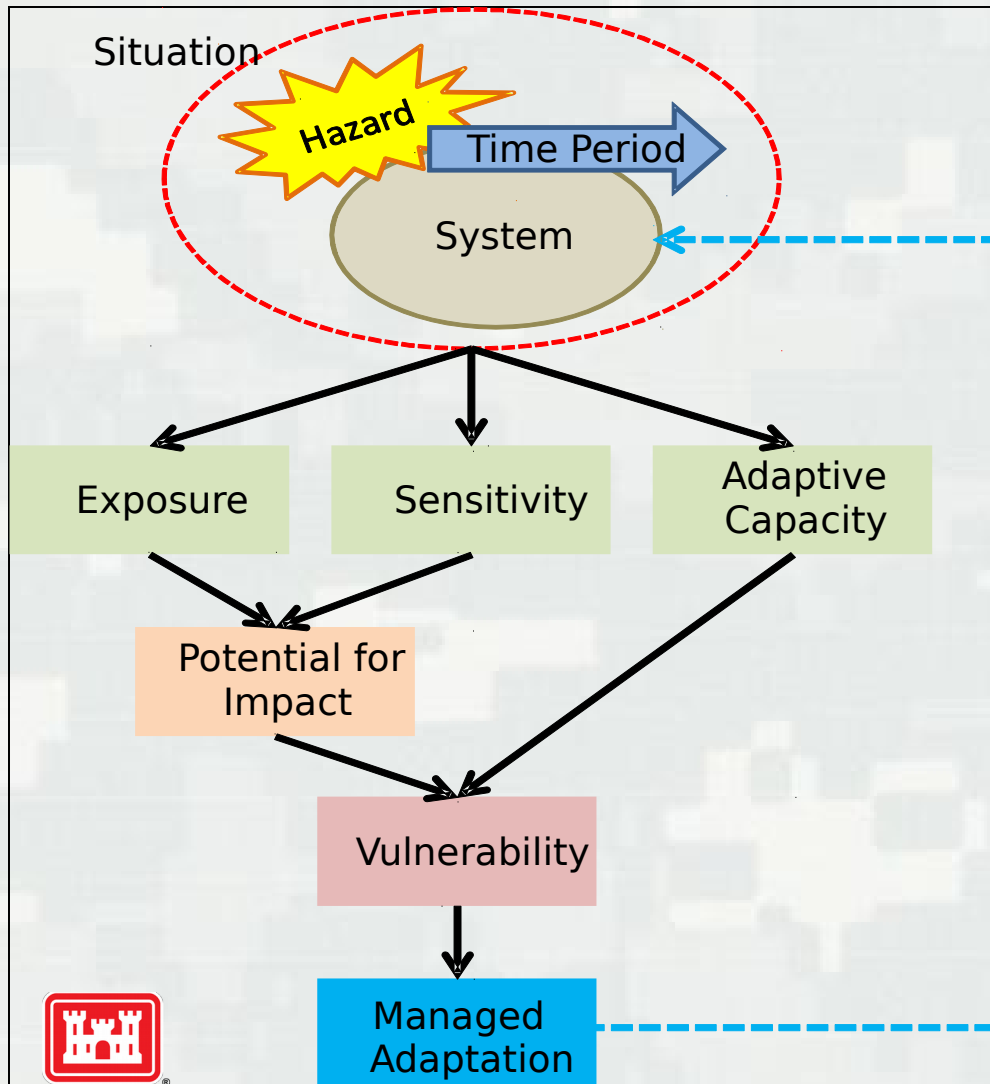


Approach

- Therefore, no “one size fits all” set of metrics can reasonably be developed outside the actual vulnerability assessment activity.
- Focus is therefore on:
 - Clearly defining vulnerability
 - A conceptual approach for developing metrics.



Vulnerability



Dimensions of vulnerability factors:

- ▶ Internal – properties of the vulnerable system or community itself
- ▶ External – factors outside the vulnerable system
- ▶ Socioeconomic – relate to economic resources, distribution of power, social institutions, cultural practices, etc.
- ▶ Biophysical – properties

Metrics must consider EXPOSURE, SENSITIVITY, and ADAPTIVE CAPACITY of a system.



BUILDING STRONG®

ERDC

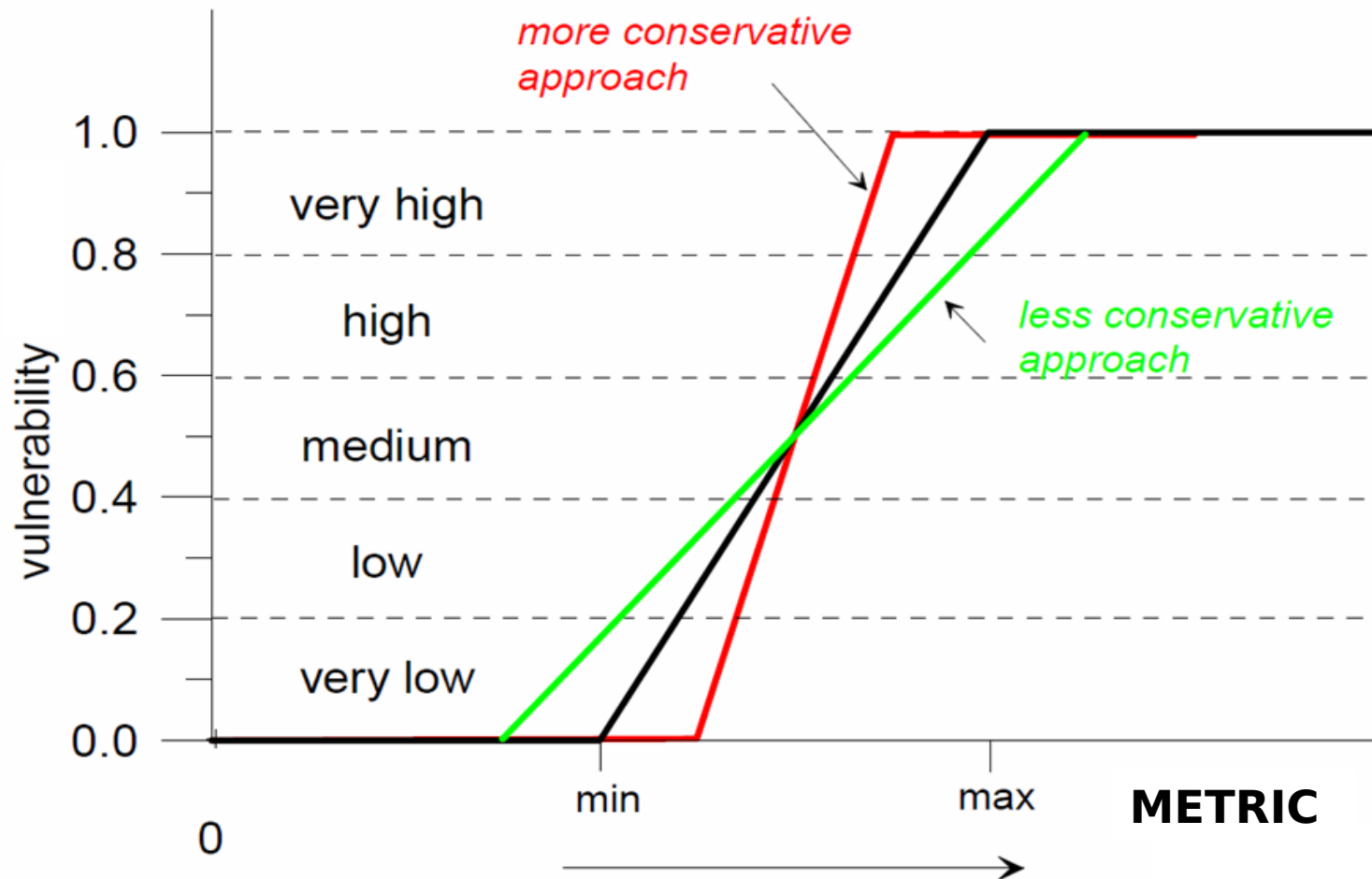
Innovative solutions for a safer, better world

Process

1. Identify purpose and policy/decision making objectives for assessing vulnerability.
2. Create a matrix of internal and external socioeconomic and biophysical factors to describe the vulnerability profile of a given situation.
3. Define system components and valued functions.
4. Link the vulnerability factors and their characteristics to valued functions of the system, explicitly considering the exposure, sensitivity, and adaptive capacity of the system to the hazard.
5. Establish metrics that can be used to measure the identified suite of vulnerability factors.
 - ▶ As few as possible.
 - ▶ As simple as possible.
 - ▶ Appropriate for the temporal and spatial scale of the assessment.
 - ▶ Subject to data availability.
 - ▶ Must consider the schedule and budget for conducting the assessment.



Vulnerability Assessment



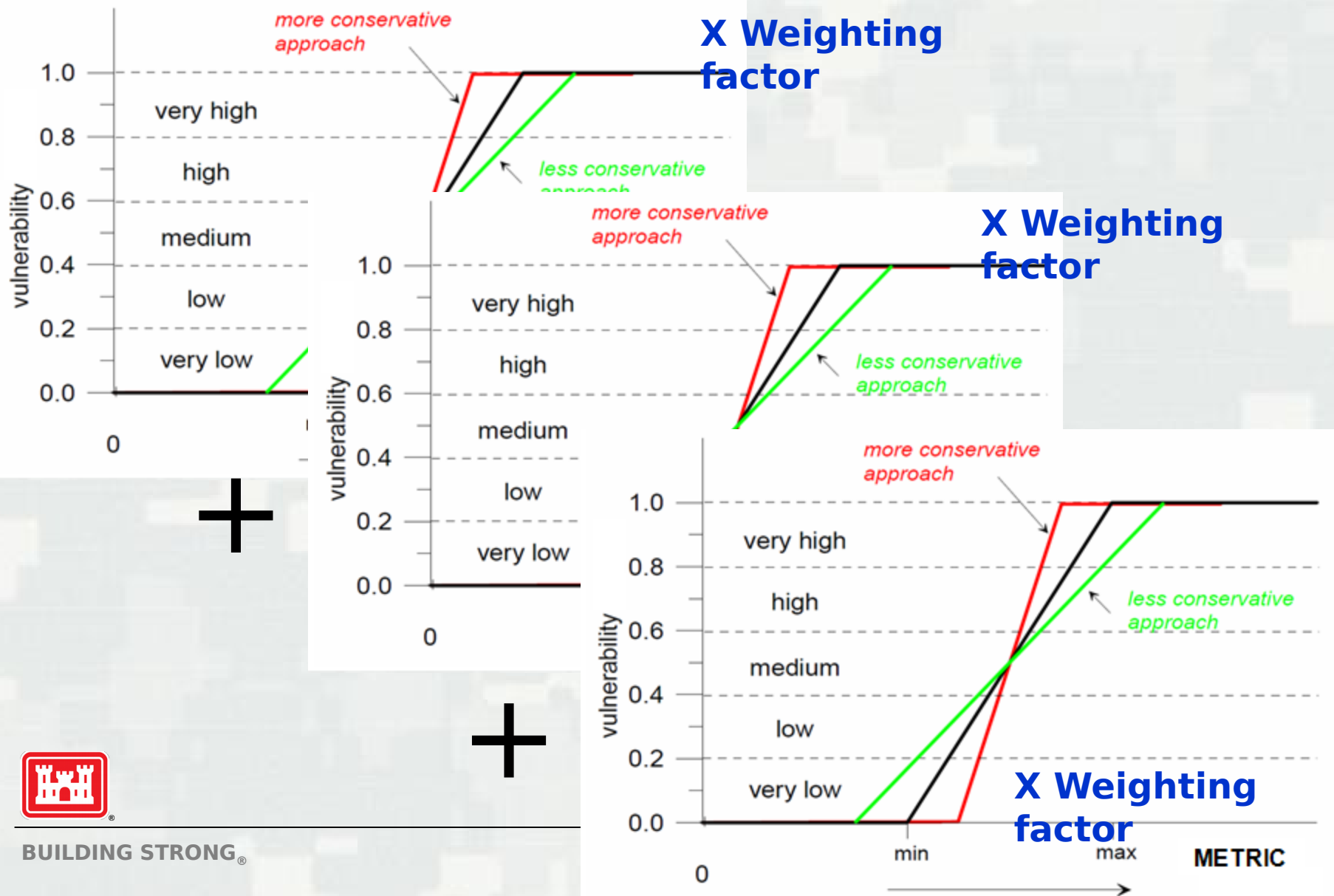
**Vulnerability = f(factor measure x value
assignment)**

ERDC

BUILDING STRONG®

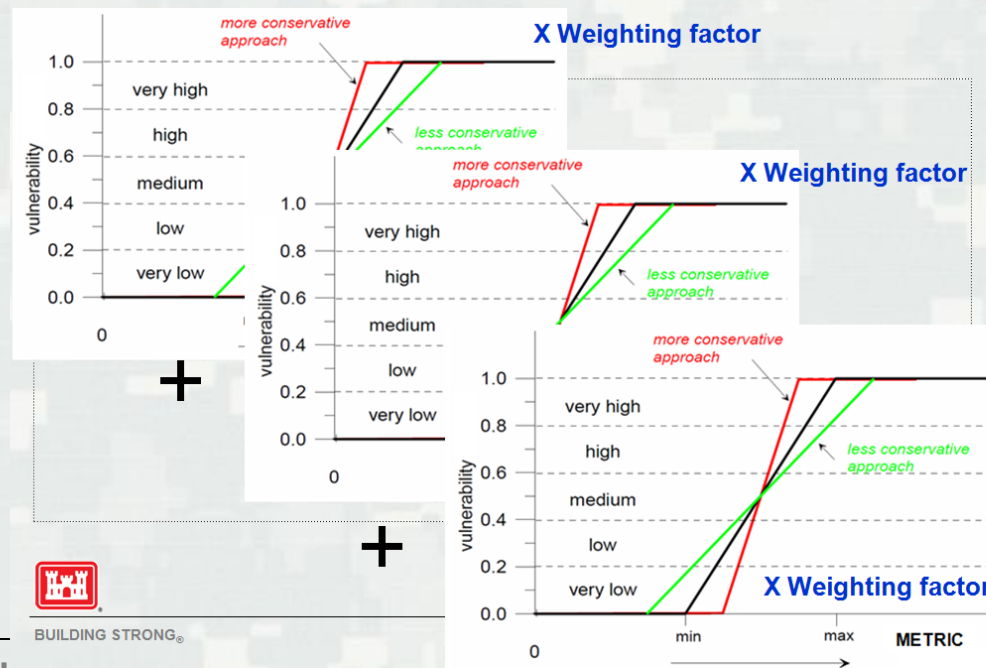
Innovative solutions for a safer, better world

Vulnerability Assessment



Vulnerability Assessment

- “Valuing” and weighting metrics is a subjective process and therefore should be:
 - ▶ Based on a structured decision making process
 - ▶ Transparent
 - ▶ Well documented



BUILDING STRONG®



BUILDING STRONG®

ERDC

Innovative solutions for a safer, better world

Summary

- Vulnerability is a function of the hazard to which a system is exposed, the sensitivity of the system to the hazard, and the system's adaptive capacity. Vulnerability assessment must consider all three.
- Biophysical as well as socioeconomic factors must be considered.
- Vulnerability assessment metrics, values, and weights will vary depending on purpose, scale, data availability, schedule and budget.
- Valuing and weighting metrics must be transparent and well documented.

